

Elettra Sincrotrone Trieste



From Elettra to Elettra 2.0: 25 years of experiences

(passing through the Booster and FERMI)

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Elettra (1993 – «Today»)

1991 – 1993 Construction (buildings, Linac and Storage Ring)

1994

Start of Users' operations (3 beamlines), being the first third-generation light source for soft-X rays in Europe.

Notes

Initially max. energy 2.0 GeV, currently operating both at 2.0 GeV and 2.4 GeV

Injector: a *"1.5 GeV"* Linac (no full energy injection)

Image from a Russian Spy-Satellite (about mid 1992)





Separate Systems Approach:

- Buildings and infrastructures
- Accelerators subsystems
- Beamlines & Experiments
- "Interface information"



Elettra in 2004



Elettra: first Lessons...

SR tunnel air conditioning: 260 meters with 2 inlet and 2 outlet...

Cooling water pipes under the cabinets: light, easily removable floating floor...

...with large grid holes and electrostatic!











POCPA 6 - LNLS



Elettra: ...more Lessons...

Service mains:

busbar system for flexibility...

...100 kW in SR Tunnel and Service Gallery.

Cooling water distribution:

organized in sub-sections...

...complicate regulation, too few flowswitches, under the floor, uncorrelated naming between services and machine.

Magnet & PC design:

Separated, each adding safety margins, magnet design change AFTER call for tender of PC, one sextupole family operates 1/3 of max current (optics change),...









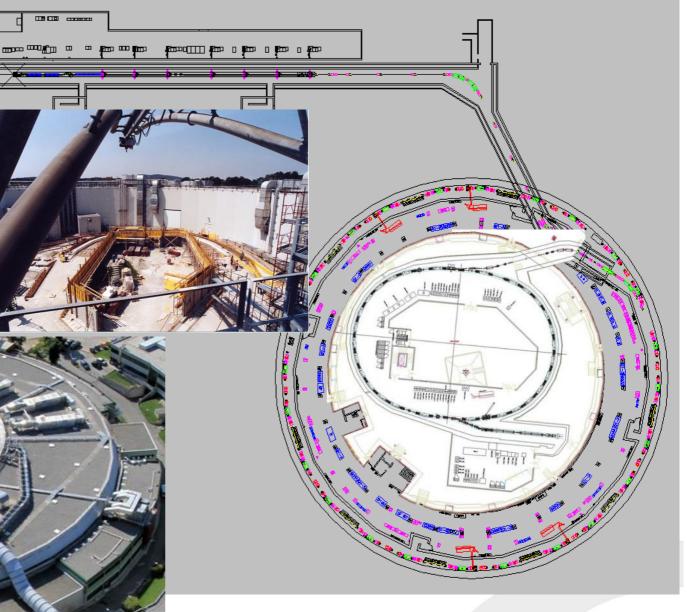


June 2005 – Dec 2007:

- Full energy injector (Linac + Booster) at 2.0 & 2.4 GeV
- Inside the existing building with Elettra operating for Users
- All stuff brought in with 40 m, 7 ton, bridge crane



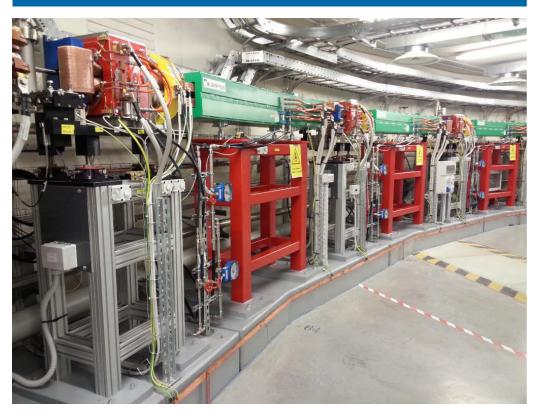
Booster: the Full-Energy Injector





Booster: some Lessons learnt...

- Distributed Air Conditioning
- 1 magnet = 1 flowswitch
- Pipes, valves, cables, alignment feet... all is "easily" accessible
- Same naming conventions for machine and "services" close to the machine
- Remotely monitored water leak detection system ("Frog").







Booster: ...and more Lessons to learn...

No "Service Gallery" – too (?) expansive:

- Distribution board, instrumentation, PC, etc. in the same area as the accelerator...
- Accessibility issues
- Maintenance issues (if PC are ON, magnets are energized and nobody should access the area)

Cooling of Klystron:

- Safety (too much) margins...
- Interlock & Protection system:
- Not (enough) visible, single-state "Magnet On" light



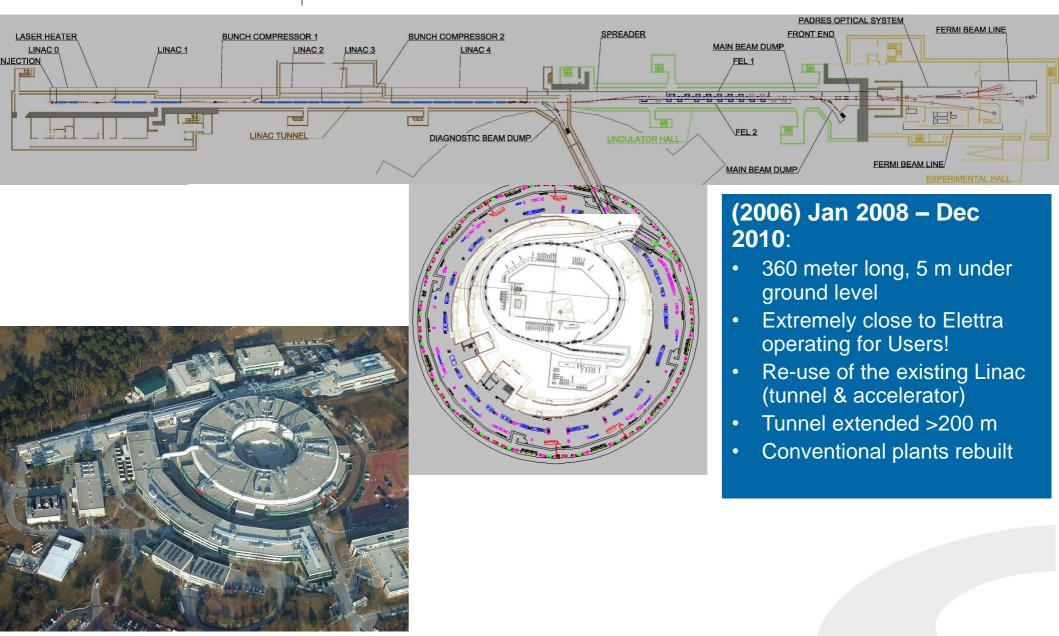




POCPA 6 - LNLS



FERMI: the seeded FEL

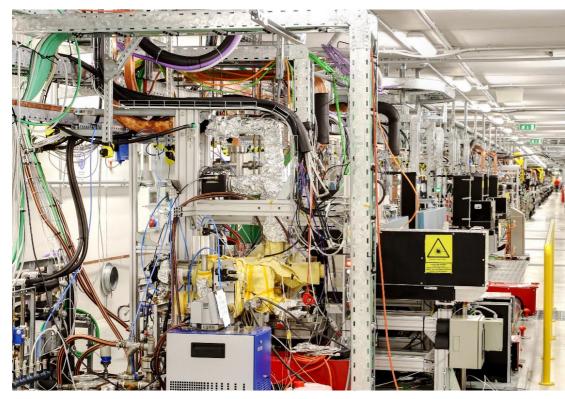




FERMI: «Integrated» Design

Magnet & PC:

- 400 iron magnets and coils and PC
- 36 types of magnets and coils
- 17 types of power supplies
- 2 types of PS cover the 88% of loads (375 vs. 425)
- "Installed Power" and "Utilized Power": "Contemporary Factor" based on the possible optics (relevant for the contract with the energy Supplier)

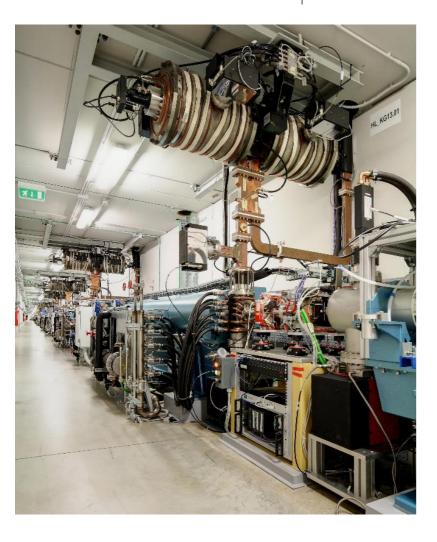








FERMI: «Integrated» Design



- Partial integration of the "services" close to the machine in the Control System
- Upgrade with Siemens Desigo™ PLC for the "Services" plants
- Possibility to read the variables from the Services' plants from Control Room
- Possibility to create logs of alarms from Services' variables



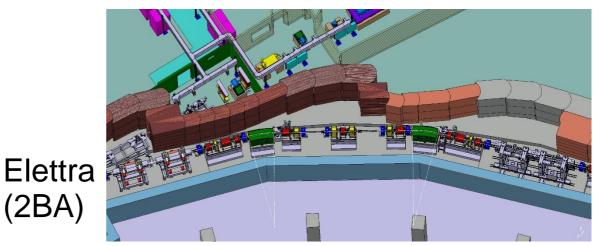


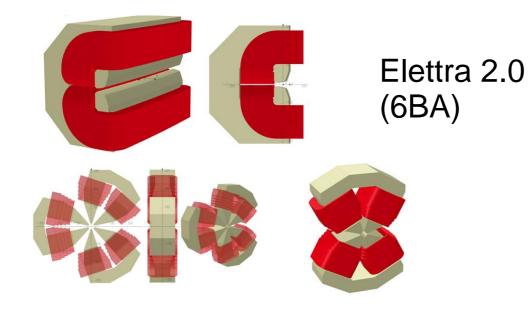
Elettra 2.0:

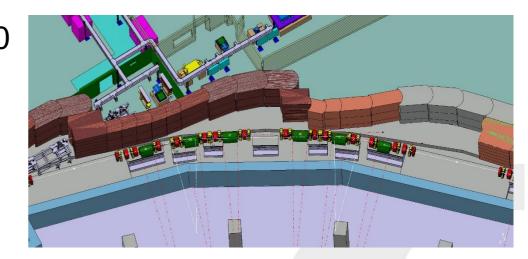
Don't repeat old mistakes, do new ones!

2017 – 20??:

- CDR but... Additional studies on optics.
- Number of magnets & PC between 580 and 700 (4BA or 6BA)
- Air cooling (M & PC)
- Max power on magnet <800 W
- Coordinated design of optics, magnet, mechanics, vacuum, cabling & PC for overall optimization
- Conventional Systems interfaced with Siemens PLC (in-house Know-How)









Thank you!







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